Supplemental Figures to Section 4

These web figures formed part of the original submission and have been peer reviewed.

Supplemental Figure S1. The empirical relationship between the mutagenic potency of organic extracts of atmospheric particulate matter (PM) in TA98 without exogenous metabolic activation and atmospheric PM level. The data represent observations from 26 countries on 5 continents. All values were log-transformed to equalize the variance over the range of observations.

\[ r^2 = 0.08, \ F\ ratio = 40.0 \]
\[ n = 466, \ P < 0.0001, \ RMSE = 0.54 \]

Compiled by the Working Group.
Supplemental Figure S2. The empirical relationship between the mutagenic potency of organic extracts of atmospheric particulate matter (PM) in TA98 with exogenous metabolic activation and atmospheric PM level. The data represent observations from 26 countries on 5 continents. All values were log-transformed to equalize the variance over the range of observations.

- $r^2 = 0.10$, $F$ ratio = 56.8
- $n = 501$, $P < 0.0001$, RMSE = 0.54

Compiled by the Working Group.
Supplemental Figure S3. Air pollution health effects pyramid

- Premature mortality
- Hospital admissions
- Emergency room visits
- Visits to doctor
- Reduced physical performance
- Medication use
- Symptoms
- Impaired pulmonary function
- Subclinical (subtle) effects

Severity of effect

Proportion of population affected

Supplemental Figure S4. Illustrative summary of mechanistic information relating exposure to outdoor air pollution or samples derived from outdoor air pollution to tumour formation

PAH, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon; PM\textsubscript{10}, particulate matter with particles of aerodynamic diameter < 10 μm; PM\textsubscript{2.5}, particulate matter with particles of aerodynamic diameter < 2.5 μm; SVOCs, semivolatile organic compounds; TSP, total suspended particles; UFP, ultrafine particles; VOCs, volatile organic compounds.

Compiled by the Working Group.