

**Table 2.87. Other studies on smoking and penile cancer**

Reference Country and years of study	Exposure estimates	Relative risk (95% CI)	Comments
Bleeker <i>et al.</i> (2009)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Smoking is only mentioned through references in 2 other studies, emphasis of paper on molecular pathogenesis
Dillner <i>et al.</i> (2000) 1966-2000	Not applicable	Not applicable	Reporting that 5 studies have found an association between smoking and penile cancer (squamous cell, NOT adenocarcinomas), risk dose-dependent not explained by phimosis or sexual history. Unclear how many case-control studies were found in the literature's review.
Favorito <i>et al.</i> (2008) 5/2006-6/2007	Smoker yes/no	Not applicable 35.7% prevalence of smoking among cases	Tobacco smoking surveyed, but not number of c/d or length of smoking. Of the 101 smokers, 86% had low grade tumors and 14% had high grade tumours.